

# How to Read the Data Tables

The following pages provide detailed data for all 142 economies included in *The Global Competitiveness Report 2011–2012*. The data tables are organized into 13 sections:

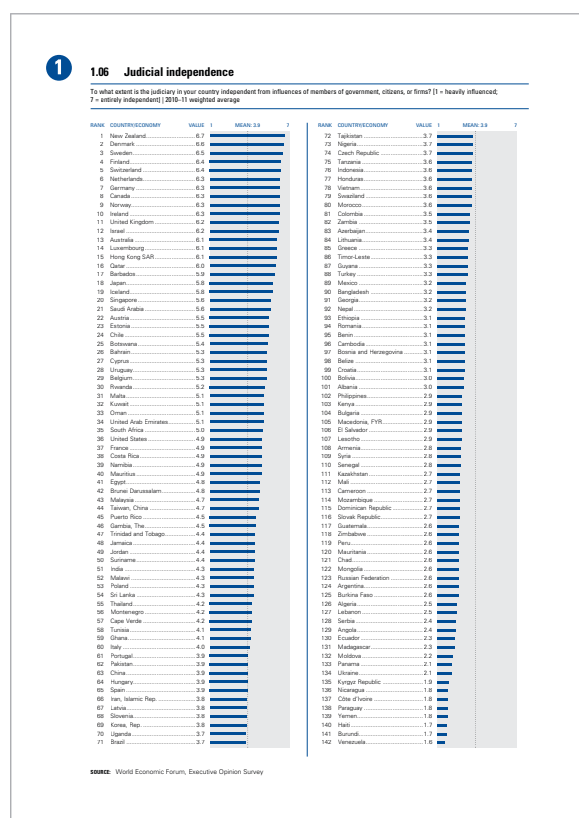
- Basic indicators**
- I. Institutions
  - II. Infrastructure
  - III. Macroeconomic environment
  - IV. Health and primary education
  - V. Higher education and training
  - VI. Goods market efficiency
  - VII. Labor market efficiency
  - VIII. Financial market development
  - IX. Technological readiness
  - X. Market size
  - XI. Business sophistication
  - XII. Innovation

The 12 numbered sections correspond to the 12 pillars of the Global Competitiveness Index (GCI).

## Executive Opinion Survey indicators

**1** In the tables, indicators derived from the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey (Survey) have country scores represented by blue-colored bar graphs. Survey questions asked for responses on a scale of 1 to 7, where an answer of 1 and 7 always corresponds to the worst and best possible outcome, respectively. In the tables, the Survey question and the two extreme answers are shown above the rankings. Country scores are reported with a precision of one decimal point, although exact figures are used to determine rankings. The sample mean is represented by a dotted line running across the bar graphs. For more information on the Executive Opinion Survey and a detailed explanation of how country scores are computed, please refer to Chapter 1.3 of the *Report*.

Note that in Table 4.01, which shows the results of the Survey question about the business impact of malaria, "N/appl." is used when malaria is not endemic or when no case was reported in the economy. Malaria incidence is shown in Table 4.02, where "(NE)" stands for *non-endemic*, indicating that malaria is not present in the country because of geographical characteristics.



2

4.04 Tuberculosis incidence

Number of tuberculosis cases per 100,000 population | 2009

RANK	COUNTRY/ECONOMY	VALUE	RANK	COUNTRY/ECONOMY	VALUE
1	Burundi	52.0	72	Burkina Faso	34.0
2	Puerto Rico	1.0	73	Yemen	34.0
3	United States	1.0	74	Honduras	34.0
4	United Arab Emirates	1.0	75	Algeria	34.0
5	China	1.0	76	Sierra Leone	34.0
6	Greece	4.0	77	Guatemala	34.0
7	Canada	4.0	78	St. Lucia	34.0
8	Germany	4.0	79	Ecuador	34.0
9	Switzerland	4.0	80	Dominican Republic	34.0
10	Israel	4.0	81	Uruguay	34.0
11	Cyprus	5.0	82	Armenia	34.0
12	France	5.0	83	Taiwan, China	34.0
13	Norway	5.0	84	Hong Kong SAR	34.0
14	Austria	6.0	85	Malaysia	34.0
15	Sweden	6.0	86	Korea, Rep.	34.0
16	Italy	6.0	87	China	34.0
17	America	6.0	88	Bahrain	34.0
18	Denmark	6.0	89	China	34.0
19	Denmark	6.0	90	Ukraine	101.0
20	Netherlands	7.0	91	Russian Federation	106.0
21	New Zealand	7.0	92	Georgia	107.0
22	Ireland	8.0	93	Azerbaijan	110.0
23	Bulgaria	8.0	94	Guinea	112.0
24	Czech Republic	8.0	95	Peru	113.0
25	Finland	8.0	96	Romania	120.0
26	Slovak Republic	9.1	97	Suriname	130.0
27	Luxembourg	9.2	98	Thailand	133.0
28	Costa Rica	10.0	99	Bolivia	140.0
29	Austria	11.0	100	Cape Verde	140.0
30	Chile	11.0	101	Kirgiz Republic	150.0
31	India	11.0	102	Lebanon	160.0
32	Slovenia	12.0	103	Nepal	163.0
33	United Kingdom	12.0	104	India	163.0
34	China	13.0	105	Madagascar	170.0
35	Albania	15.0	106	Cameroon	182.0
36	Latvia	15.0	107	Tanzania	183.0
37	Hungary	16.0	108	Indonesia	185.0
38	Malawi	17.0	109	Niger	200.0
39	Spain	17.0	110	Chad	201.0
40	Saudi Arabia	18.0	111	Tajikistan	202.0
41	Egypt	19.0	112	Burkina Faso	210.0
42	Iran, Islamic Rep.	19.0	113	Mongolia	220.0
43	Japan	21.0	114	Bangladesh	220.0
44	Montenegro	21.0	115	Pakistan	221.0
45	Saudi	21.0	116	Yield	221.0
46	Syria	21.0	117	Madagascar	261.0
47	Mexico	22.0	118	Gambia, The	265.0
48	Uruguay	22.0	119	Philippines	265.0
49	Macronesia, F.Y.R.	23.0	120	Senegal	265.0
50	Tinidad and Tobago	23.0	121	Chad	265.0
51	Ireland	24.0	122	Liberia	290.0
52	Tunisia	24.0	123	Nigeria	290.0
53	Costa Rica	25.0	124	Angola	290.0
54	Argentina	26.0	125	Malawi	304.0
55	Turkey	29.0	126	Korea	305.0
56	El Salvador	30.0	127	Mali	324.0
57	Estonia	30.0	128	Malawi	326.0
58	Portugal	30.0	129	Burundi	340.0
59	Venezuela	33.0	130	Ethiopia	350.0
60	Colombia	35.0	131	Benin	350.0
61	Kuwait	35.0	132	Cote d'Ivoire	390.0
62	Singapore	36.0	133	Mozambique	400.0
63	Belize	40.0	134	Zambia	430.0
64	Niger	41.0	135	Cameroon	430.0
65	Nicaragua	44.0	136	Timor-Leste	490.0
66	Brazil	45.0	137	Lesotho	520.0
67	Latvia	45.0	138	Botswana	520.0
68	Bahrain	46.0	139	Namibia	520.0
69	Peraguay	47.0	140	Zimbabwe	742.0
70	Panama	48.0	141	South Africa	971.0
71	Costa Rica	48.0	142	Switzerland	1,201.0

SOURCE: The World Bank, World Development Indicators & Global Development Finance Catalog (April 2011 edition); national sources

Other indicators

Indicators not derived from the Executive Opinion Survey are presented in black-shaded bar graphs. For each indicator, a short description appears at the top of the page. The base period (i.e., the period when a majority of the data was collected) follows the description. When the year differs from the base year for a particular economy, this is indicated in a footnote. A more detailed description and the full source for each indicator can be found in the Technical Notes and Sources section at the end of the Report. When data are not available or are too outdated, “n/a” is used in lieu of the rank and the value.

Due to the nature of data, ties between two or more countries are possible. In such cases, shared rankings are indicated accordingly. For example, Burundi, Cape Verde, Madagascar, Mozambique, and Venezuela obtain the same value (2.0 out of 10) on indicator 8.08, *Legal rights index*. As a result, in Table 8.08 the five countries are all ranked 132nd and listed alphabetically.