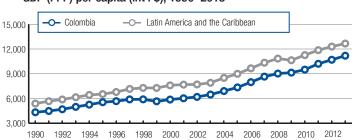
Colombia

Key indicators, 2013

Population (millions)	47.2
GDP (US\$ billions)	81.8
GDP per capita (US\$)8	,098
GDP (PPP) as share (%) of world total	0.61

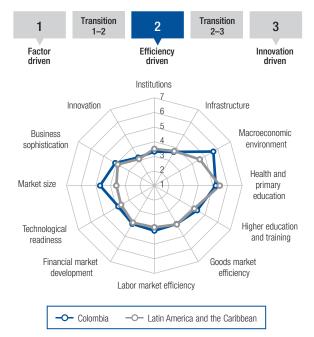
GDP (PPP) per capita (int'l \$), 1990-2013



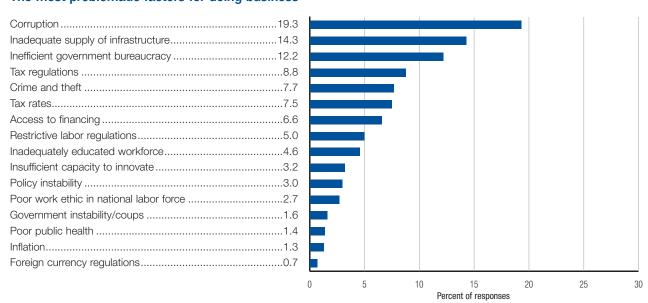
Global Competitiveness Index

•		
	Rank (out of 144)	Score (1-7)
GCI 2014-2015	66.	4.2
GCI 2013–2014 (out of 148)	69.	4.2
GCI 2012-2013 (out of 144)	69.	4.2
GCI 2011–2012 (out of 142)	68.	4.2
Basic requirements (40.0%)	78 .	4.5
Institutions	111.	3.3
Infrastructure	84.	3.7
Macroeconomic environment	29.	5.6
Health and primary education	105.	5.2
Efficiency enhancers (50.0%)	63 .	4.2
Higher education and training	69.	4.4
Goods market efficiency	109.	4.0
Labor market efficiency	84.	4.1
Financial market development		
Technological readiness	68.	3.8
Market size	32.	4.7
Innovation and sophistication factors (10.0%)64 .	3.6
Business sophistication	•	
Innovation		

Stage of development



The most problematic factors for doing business



Note: From the list of factors above, respondents were asked to select the five most problematic for doing business in their country and to rank them between 1 (most problematic) and 5. The bars in the figure show the responses weighted according to their rankings.

Colombia

The Global Competitiveness Index in detail

	INDICATOR	VALUE R	ANK/144		INDICATOR	VALUE	RANK
	1st pillar: Institutions				6th pillar: Goods market efficiency (cont'd.)		
01	Property rights	3.0	84	6.06	No. procedures to start a business*	a	
02	Intellectual property protection			6.07	No. days to start a business*		
					· ·		
03	Diversion of public funds			6.08	Agricultural policy costs		
04	Public trust in politicians			6.09	Prevalence of trade barriers		
05	Irregular payments and bribes			6.10	Trade tariffs, % duty*		
06	Judicial independence			6.11	Prevalence of foreign ownership		
.07	Favoritism in decisions of government official			6.12	Business impact of rules on FDI	4.5 .	
.08	Wastefulness of government spending	2.6	101	6.13	Burden of customs procedures	3.6.	
.09	Burden of government regulation	2.8	122	6.14	Imports as a percentage of GDP*	18.4.	
10	Efficiency of legal framework in settling dispu	tes 3.4	91	6.15	Degree of customer orientation	5.0.	
11	Efficiency of legal framework in challenging re			6.16	Buyer sophistication		
12	Transparency of government policymaking	-			-2		
13	Business costs of terrorism				7th pillar: Labor market efficiency		
14	Business costs of crime and violence			7.01		4.6	
15	Organized crime			7.02	Flexibility of wage determination		
16	Reliability of police services			7.03	Hiring and firing practices		
17	Ethical behavior of firms			7.04	Redundancy costs, weeks of salary*		
18	Strength of auditing and reporting standards			7.05	Effect of taxation on incentives to work	2.9.	
19	Efficacy of corporate boards	5.0	40	7.06	Pay and productivity	3.7 .	
20	Protection of minority shareholders' interests	4.1	68	7.07	Reliance on professional management	4.4.	
21	Strength of investor protection, 0-10 (best)*.	8.3	6	7.08	Country capacity to retain talent	3.4.	
				7.09	Country capacity to attract talent	3.1 .	
	2nd pillar: Infrastructure			7.10	Women in labor force, ratio to men*		
01		3.4	108				
02	Quality of roads				8th pillar: Financial market development		
03	Quality of railroad infrastructure			Q 01		10	
	*			8.01			
04	Quality of port infrastructure				,		
05	Quality of air transport infrastructure			8.03	Financing through local equity market		
06	Available airline seat km/week, millions*			8.04	Ease of access to loans	2.8.	
07	Quality of electricity supply	5.1	60	8.05	Venture capital availability	2.6.	
80	Mobile telephone subscriptions/100 pop.*	104.1	87	8.06	Soundness of banks		
.09	Fixed telephone lines/100 pop.*	14.8	77	8.07	Regulation of securities exchanges	4.0 .	
				8.08	Legal rights index, 0-10 (best)*	5.	
	3rd pillar: Macroeconomic environment						
01	Government budget balance, % GDP*	–1.0	37		9th pillar: Technological readiness		
02	Gross national savings, % GDP*	20.9	62	9.01	Availability of latest technologies	4.5 .	
03	Inflation, annual % change*	2.0	1	9.02	Firm-level technology absorption		
04	General government debt, % GDP*	31.8	42	9.03	FDI and technology transfer	4.8.	
05				9.04	Individuals using Internet, %*		
00	Country croate rating, or 100 (boot)	00.2		9.05	Fixed broadband Internet subscriptions/100 por		
	4th pillar: Health and primary education			9.06	Int'l Internet bandwidth, kb/s per user*		
0.1		000.0	00				
01	Malaria cases/100,000 pop.*	203.3	38	9.07	Mobile broadband subscriptions/100 pop.*	7.9.	
	Business impact of malaria	5.3	27				
03					10th pillar: Market size		
04	Business impact of tuberculosis			10.01	Domestic market size index, 1-7 (best)*	4.6.	
05	HIV prevalence, % adult pop.*	0.5	88	10.02	Foreign market size index, 1-7 (best)*	4.9.	
06	Business impact of HIV/AIDS			10.03	GDP (PPP\$ billions)*	527.6.	
07	Infant mortality, deaths/1,000 live births*			10.04			
08	Life expectancy, years*				. ,	2.0.	
09	Quality of primary education				11th pillar: Business sophistication		
				11.01	Local supplier quantity	E O	
4.10	Filmary education enfoliment, het %	03.9	121		Local supplier qualitity	5.0 .	
	File willow Higher advantion 11 11			11.02	Local supplier quality		
	5th pillar: Higher education and training			11.03	·		
	Secondary education enrollment, gross %*			11.04	Nature of competitive advantage		
01		45.0	61	11.05	Value chain breadth	3.9 .	
	Tertiary education enrollment, gross %*		90	11.06	Control of international distribution	4.1 .	
02	Tertiary education enrollment, gross %* Quality of the education system	3.4		11.07	Production process sophistication		
02 03	Quality of the education system						
02 03 04	Quality of the education system	3.3	109		Extent of marketing	40	
02 03 04 05	Quality of the education system	3.3 4.3	109 69	11.08	Extent of marketing		
02 03 04 05 06	Quality of the education system	3.3 4.3 4.0	109 69 82		Extent of marketing Willingness to delegate authority		
02 03 04 05 06 07	Quality of the education system	4.3 4.0 4.1	109 69 82 71	11.08	Willingness to delegate authority		
02 03 04 05 06 07	Quality of the education system	4.3 4.0 4.1	109 69 82 71	11.08	Willingness to delegate authority 12th pillar: Innovation	3.9 .	
02 03 04 05 06 07	Quality of the education system	4.3 4.0 4.1	109 69 82 71	11.08 11.09	Willingness to delegate authority	3.9.	
02 03 04 05 06 07 08	Quality of the education system	3.3 4.3 4.0 4.1 3.9	109 69 82 71 83	11.08 11.09 12.01 12.02	Willingness to delegate authority	3.53.5.	
02 03 04 05 06 07 08	Quality of the education system	3.3 4.3 4.0 4.1 3.9	109 69 82 71 83	11.08 11.09 12.01 12.02 12.03	Willingness to delegate authority	3.9 3.5 3.5	
02 03 04 05 06 07 08	Quality of the education system	3.3 4.3 4.0 4.1 3.9 5.2 3.4	109 82 71 83	11.08 11.09 12.01 12.02	Willingness to delegate authority	3.9. 3.5. 3.0. 3.9.	
02 03 04 05 06 07 08	Quality of the education system	3.3 4.3 4.0 4.1 3.9 5.2 3.4	109 82 71 83	11.08 11.09 12.01 12.02 12.03	Willingness to delegate authority	3.9. 3.5. 3.0. 3.9.	
.01 .02 .03 .04 .05 .06 .07 .08	Quality of the education system	3.3	109 69 82 71 83 56 101	11.08 11.09 12.01 12.02 12.03 12.04	Willingness to delegate authority	3.5. 3.5. 3.0. 3.9. 3.9.	

	INDICATOR VALUE RANK/144
	6th pillar: Goods market efficiency (cont'd.)
6.06	No. procedures to start a business*9
6.07	No. days to start a business*
6.08	Agricultural policy costs2.9134
6.09	Prevalence of trade barriers4.0119
6.10	Trade tariffs, % duty*
6.11	Prevalence of foreign ownership4.576
6.12	Business impact of rules on FDI4.563
6.13	Burden of customs procedures 3.6 91
6.14	Imports as a percentage of GDP*
6.15	Degree of customer orientation 5.0 42
6.16	Buyer sophistication
	7th pillar: Labor market efficiency
7.01	Cooperation in labor-employer relations
7.02	Flexibility of wage determination
7.03	Hiring and firing practices 3.8 79
7.04	Redundancy costs, weeks of salary*
7.05 7.06	Effect of taxation on incentives to work
7.06	Reliance on professional management
7.08	Country capacity to retain talent
7.09	Country capacity to attract talent
7.10	Women in labor force, ratio to men*
	·
8.01	8th pillar: Financial market development Availability of financial services
8.02	Affordability of financial services
8.03	Financing through local equity market
8.04	Ease of access to loans
8.05	Venture capital availability
8.06	Soundness of banks
8.07	Regulation of securities exchanges
8.08	Legal rights index, 0–10 (best)* 5
	9th pillar: Technological readiness
9.01	Availability of latest technologies
9.02	Firm-level technology absorption
9.03	FDI and technology transfer
9.04	Individuals using Internet, %*
9.05	Fixed broadband Internet subscriptions/100 pop.* 9.367
9.06	Int'l Internet bandwidth, kb/s per user*
9.07	Mobile broadband subscriptions/100 pop.*7.9100
	10th pillar: Market size
10.01	Domestic market size index, 1-7 (best)*4.6
10.02	Foreign market size index, 1–7 (best)*
10.03	GDP (PPP\$ billions)*
10.04	Exports as a percentage of GDP* 16.9
	11th pillar: Business sophistication
11.01	Local supplier quantity
11.02	Local supplier quality4.841
11.03	State of cluster development
11.04	Nature of competitive advantage
11.05	Value chain breadth
11.06	Control of international distribution
11.07	Production process sophistication
11.08	Extent of marketing
12.01	12th pillar: Innovation Capacity for innovation
12.01	Quality of scientific research institutions
12.02	Company spending on R&D
12.04	University-industry collaboration in R&D
12.05	Gov't procurement of advanced tech products3.750
12.06	Availability of scientists and engineers

Notes: Values are on a 1-to-7 scale unless otherwise annotated with an asterisk (*). For further details and explanation, please refer to the section "How to Read the Country/Economy Profiles" on page 101.