

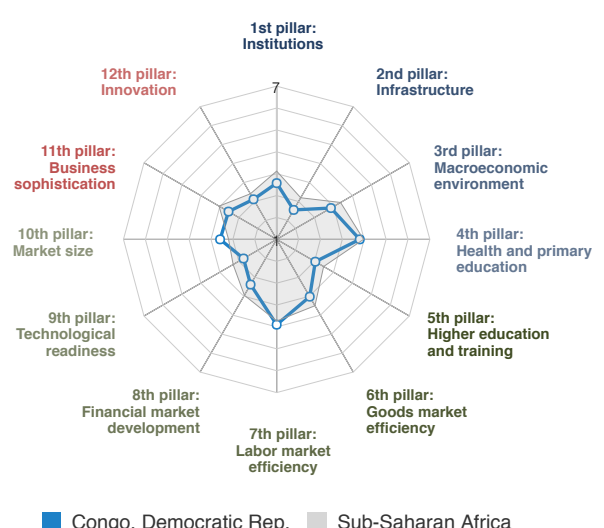
Key indicators, 2016

Source: International Monetary Fund; World Economic Outlook Database (April 2017)

Population millions	84.1	GDP per capita US\$	494.7
GDP US\$ billions	41.6	GDP (PPP) % world GDP	0.05

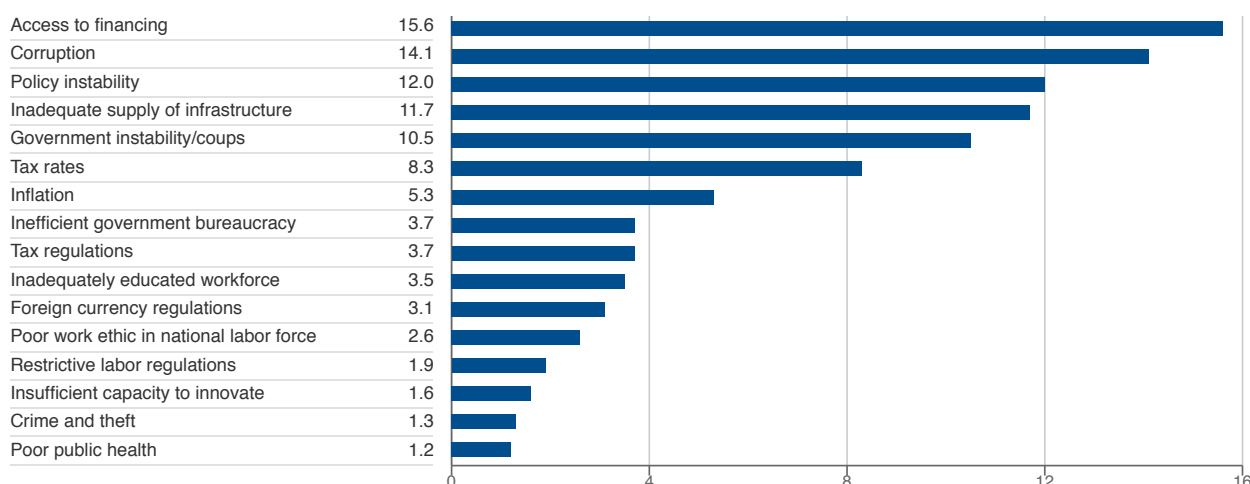
Performance overview

Index Component	Rank/137	Score (1-7)	Trend	Distance from best	Edition	2016-17	2017-18
Global Competitiveness Index	126	3.3			Rank	129 / 138	126 / 137
Subindex A: Basic requirements	129	3.3			Score	3.3	3.3
1st pillar: Institutions	121	3.2					
2nd pillar: Infrastructure	127	2.3					
3rd pillar: Macroeconomic environment	123	3.5					
4th pillar: Health and primary education	126	4.3					
Subindex B: Efficiency enhancers	126	3.2					
5th pillar: Higher education and training	127	2.7					
6th pillar: Goods market efficiency	130	3.6					
7th pillar: Labor market efficiency	59	4.3					
8th pillar: Financial market development	127	3.0					
9th pillar: Technological readiness	127	2.5					
10th pillar: Market size	93	3.2					
Subindex C: Innovation and sophistication factors	125	3.0					
11th pillar: Business sophistication	131	3.2					
12th pillar: Innovation	116	2.8					



Most problematic factors for doing business

Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey 2017



Note: From the list of factors, respondents to the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey were asked to select the five most problematic factors for doing business in their country and to rank them between 1 (most problematic) and 5. The score corresponds to the responses weighted according to their rankings.

The Global Competitiveness Index in detail

Index Component	Rank/137	Value	Trend
1st pillar: Institutions	121	3.2	
1.01 Property rights	123	3.4	
1.02 Intellectual property protection	111	3.4	
1.03 Diversion of public funds	110	2.6	
1.04 Public trust in politicians	95	2.4	
1.05 Irregular payments and bribes	128	2.5	
1.06 Judicial independence	127	2.4	
1.07 Favoritism in decisions of government officials	87	2.8	
1.08 Efficiency of government spending	105	2.5	
1.09 Burden of government regulation	100	3.0	
1.10 Efficiency of legal framework in settling disputes	92	3.1	
1.11 Efficiency of legal framework in challenging regulations	108	2.6	
1.12 Transparency of government policymaking	108	3.5	
1.13 Business costs of terrorism	63	5.2	
1.14 Business costs of crime and violence	73	4.4	
1.15 Organized crime	88	4.4	
1.16 Reliability of police services	113	3.4	
1.17 Ethical behavior of firms	129	2.9	
1.18 Strength of auditing and reporting standards	131	3.3	
1.19 Efficacy of corporate boards	81	4.7	
1.20 Protection of minority shareholders' interests	79	3.9	
1.21 Strength of investor protection 0-10 (best)	124	3.7	
2nd pillar: Infrastructure	127	2.3	
2.01 Quality of overall infrastructure	135	2.0	
2.02 Quality of roads	136	2.1	
2.03 Quality of railroad infrastructure	92	1.9	
2.04 Quality of port infrastructure	120	2.7	
2.05 Quality of air transport infrastructure	123	3.0	
2.06 Available airline seat kilometers millions/week	100	48.9	
2.07 Quality of electricity supply	130	2.1	
2.08 Mobile-cellular telephone subscriptions /100 pop.	79	113.3	
2.09 Fixed-telephone lines /100 pop.	125	0.4	
3rd pillar: Macroeconomic environment	123	3.5	
3.01 Government budget balance % GDP	28	-0.8	
3.02 Gross national savings % GDP	127	7.0	
3.03 Inflation annual % change	136	22.4	
3.04 Government debt % GDP	13	21.5	
3.05 Country credit rating 0-100 (best)	132	16.6	
4th pillar: Health and primary education	126	4.3	
4.01 Malaria incidence cases/100,000 pop.	64	22,926.2	
4.02 Business impact of malaria	51	3.3	
4.03 Tuberculosis incidence cases/100,000 pop.	127	324.0	
4.04 Business impact of tuberculosis	115	4.1	
4.05 HIV prevalence % adult pop.	97	0.7	
4.06 Business impact of HIV/AIDS	126	3.5	
4.07 Infant mortality deaths/1,000 live births	134	74.5	
4.08 Life expectancy years	127	59.0	
4.09 Quality of primary education	99	3.3	
4.10 Primary education enrollment rate net %	112	87.0	
5th pillar: Higher education and training	127	2.7	
5.01 Secondary education enrollment rate gross %	119	43.5	
5.02 Tertiary education enrollment rate gross %	122	6.6	
5.03 Quality of the education system	113	2.9	
5.04 Quality of math and science education	98	3.4	
5.05 Quality of management schools	107	3.6	
5.06 Internet access in schools	125	3.1	
5.07 Local availability of specialized training services	105	3.9	
5.08 Extent of staff training	128	3.2	

Congo, Democratic Rep.

Index Component	Rank/137	Value	Trend
6th pillar: Goods market efficiency	130	3.6	
6.01 Intensity of local competition	105	4.7	
6.02 Extent of market dominance	117	3.0	
6.03 Effectiveness of anti-monopoly policy	113	3.1	
6.04 Effect of taxation on incentives to invest	117	2.9	
6.05 Total tax rate % profits	117	54.6	
6.06 No. of procedures to start a business	70	7	
6.07 Time to start a business days	72	11.5	
6.08 Agricultural policy costs	132	2.8	
6.09 Prevalence of non-tariff barriers	129	3.4	
6.10 Trade tariffs % duty	105	10.4	
6.11 Prevalence of foreign ownership	58	4.7	
6.12 Business impact of rules on FDI	98	4.2	
6.13 Burden of customs procedures	123	3.1	
6.14 Imports % GDP	130	17.0	
6.15 Degree of customer orientation	121	3.8	
6.16 Buyer sophistication	131	2.3	
7th pillar: Labor market efficiency	59	4.3	
7.01 Cooperation in labor-employer relations	127	3.6	
7.02 Flexibility of wage determination	49	5.2	
7.03 Hiring and firing practices	42	4.1	
7.04 Redundancy costs weeks of salary	36	10.3	
7.05 Effect of taxation on incentives to work	64	4.0	
7.06 Pay and productivity	135	2.4	
7.07 Reliance on professional management	115	3.5	
7.08 Country capacity to retain talent	108	2.8	
7.09 Country capacity to attract talent	97	2.8	
7.10 Female participation in the labor force ratio to men	6	0.99	
8th pillar: Financial market development	127	3.0	
8.01 Availability of financial services	132	3.0	
8.02 Affordability of financial services	127	2.7	
8.03 Financing through local equity market	129	2.4	
8.04 Ease of access to loans	126	2.8	
8.05 Venture capital availability	99	2.5	
8.06 Soundness of banks	130	2.9	
8.07 Regulation of securities exchanges	123	3.3	
8.08 Legal rights index 0-10 (best)	49	6	
9th pillar: Technological readiness	127	2.5	
9.01 Availability of latest technologies	131	3.1	
9.02 Firm-level technology absorption	127	3.4	
9.03 FDI and technology transfer	124	3.4	
9.04 Internet users % pop.	133	8.1	
9.05 Fixed-broadband Internet subscriptions /100 pop.	135	0.0	
9.06 Internet bandwidth kb/s/user	137	0.2	
9.07 Mobile-broadband subscriptions /100 pop.	110	25.1	
10th pillar: Market size	93	3.2	
10.01 Domestic market size index	88	3.1	
10.02 Foreign market size index	110	3.5	
10.03 GDP (PPP) PPP \$ billions	88	65.0	
10.04 Exports % GDP	123	14.3	
11th pillar: Business sophistication	131	3.2	
11.01 Local supplier quantity	125	3.7	
11.02 Local supplier quality	125	3.5	
11.03 State of cluster development	111	3.1	
11.04 Nature of competitive advantage	121	2.6	
11.05 Value chain breadth	133	2.6	
11.06 Control of international distribution	134	2.4	
11.07 Production process sophistication	131	2.5	
11.08 Extent of marketing	68	4.4	
11.09 Willingness to delegate authority	123	3.6	
12th pillar: Innovation	116	2.8	
12.01 Capacity for innovation	127	3.3	
12.02 Quality of scientific research institutions	101	3.3	
12.03 Company spending on R&D	118	2.7	
12.04 University-industry collaboration in R&D	110	2.8	
12.05 Gov't procurement of advanced technology products	128	2.5	
12.06 Availability of scientists and engineers	82	3.8	
12.07 PCT patents applications/million pop.	119	0.0	

Note: Values are on a 1-to-7 scale unless indicated otherwise. Trend lines depict evolution in values since the 2012-2013 edition (or earliest edition available). For detailed definitions, sources, and periods, consult the interactive Economy Profiles and Rankings at <http://gcr.weforum.org/>