How to Read the Data Tables

The following pages provide detailed data for all 144 economies included in *The Global Information Technology Report 2013*. The data tables are organized into 10 sections, which correspond to the 10 pillars of the Networked Readiness Index (NRI).

**Environment subindex**
1st pillar: Political and regulatory environment
2nd pillar: Business and innovation environment

**Readiness subindex**
3rd pillar: Infrastructure and digital content
4th pillar: Affordability
5th pillar: Skills

**Usage subindex**
6th pillar: Individual usage
7th pillar: Business usage
8th pillar: Government usage

**Impact subindex**
9th pillar: Economic impacts
10th pillar: Social impacts

## EXECUTIVE OPINION SURVEY INDICATORS

In the tables, indicators derived from the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey (the Survey) have scores represented by blue-colored bar graphs. Survey questions asked for responses on a scale of 1 to 7, where an answer of 1 and 7 always corresponds to the worst and best possible outcomes, respectively. In the tables, the Survey question and the two extreme answers are shown above the rankings. Scores are reported with a precision of one decimal point, although exact figures are used to determine rankings. The sample mean is represented by a dotted line running across the bar graphs. For more information on the Executive Opinion Survey and a detailed explanation of how scores are computed, please refer to Chapter 1.3 of *The Global Competitiveness Report 2012–2013*, available for free on the World Economic Forum website at www.weforum.org/gcr.

## OTHER INDICATORS

Indicators not derived from the Executive Opinion Survey are presented in black bar graphs. For each indicator, a short description appears at the top of the page. The base period (i.e., the period to which the majority of the data corresponds) follows the description. When the period differs from the base period for a particular economy, this is indicated in a footnote. A detailed description for each indicator can be found in the “Technical Notes and Sources” section at the end of the Report. When data are not available or are too outdated, “n/a” is used in lieu of the rank and the value.

Because of the nature of data, ties between two or more countries are possible. In such cases, shared rankings are indicated accordingly. For example, it takes the same number of procedures—26—in Belgium as in Luxembourg and the Netherlands to enforce a contract. As a result, in Table 1.08, all three countries are ranked 5th and listed alphabetically.

## ONLINE DATA PORTAL

Complementing the analysis presented in this Report, an online data portal can be accessed via www.weforum.org/gitr. The platform offers a number of analytical tools and visualizations, including sortable rankings, scatter plots, bar charts, and maps, as well as the possibility of downloading portions of the NRI dataset.