Part 2: Country Profiles

Sweden

Key Demographic and Economic Indicators

GDP (US$ billions) .................................................. 446.31
GDP (PPP) per capita (constant 2011, international $) ............... 44,029
Total population (millions) ........................................ 9.69
Population growth (%) ............................................. 0.92
Overall population sex ratio (male/female) ................................... 1.00

Gender Gap Index 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.823</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(out of 145 countries) (0.00 = inequality, 1.00 = equality)

Country Score Card

ECONOMIC PARTICIPATION AND OPPORTUNITY

Labour force participation ........................................ 4  0.823
Wage equality for similar work (survey) ..................... 42  0.70
Estimated earned income (PPP US$) ...................... 8  1.00
Legislators, senior officials, and managers ............. 31  0.59
Professional and technical workers ................. 1  1.00

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Literacy rate .................................................. 1  1.00
Enrolment in primary education ......................... 72  1.00
Enrolment in secondary education ....................... 90  0.99
Enrolment in tertiary education ......................... 1  1.00

HEALTH AND SURVIVAL

Sex ratio at birth (female/male) ......................... 99  0.94
Healthy life expectancy ................................. 84  1.04

POLITICAL EMPOWERMENT

Women in parliament ........................................ 4  0.77
Women in ministerial positions ......................... 1  1.00
Years with female head of state (last 50) ........... 64  0.00

Country Scores Compared

Against sample average

Against income group range and average

The Global Gender Gap Report 2015
## Index over the years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SAMPLE</th>
<th>INDEX</th>
<th>ECONOMY</th>
<th>EDUCATION</th>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>POLITICS</th>
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<td>▲ 0.105</td>
<td>▼ –0.002</td>
<td>▲ 0.001</td>
<td>▼ –0.064</td>
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## Selected contextual data

**EMPLOYMENT AND LEADERSHIP**

- Female, male adult unemployment (as % of female, male labour force) 7.9, 8.2
- Female, male part-time employment (as % of total female, male employment) 18.6, 10.3
- Female, male workers in informal employment (as % of non-agricultural employment) —, —
- Share of women in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector (% of total non-agricultural employment) 50
- Average minutes spent per day on unpaid work (female, male) 267, 154
- Percentage of women, men with an account at a financial institution —, 100
- Ability of women to rise to positions of leadership1 —, 5.7
- Firms with female top managers (% of firms) 13
- Share of women on boards of listed companies (as % of total female, male employment) —, 17
- Firms with female participation in ownership (% of firm) —, 53
- Percentage of total R&D personnel (FTE) (female, male) —, 30, 70

**EDUCATION AND TECHNOLOGY**

- Out-of-school children of primary school age (% of total female, male) 57, 43
- Female, male primary education attainment rate (% aged 25+) 98, 98
- Female, male secondary education attainment rate (% aged 25+) 87, 88
- Female, male tertiary education attainment rate (% aged 25+) 34, 26
- Percentage of tertiary-level students enrolled in STEM studies (female, male) —, 34, 66
- Percentage of tertiary-level graduates in STEM studies (female, male) —, 32, 68
- Percentage of PhD graduates (female, male) —, 46, 54
- Percentage of individuals using the internet (female, male) —, 95, 95
- Percentage of individuals using a mobile cellular telephone (female, male) —, —

**HEALTH (cont'd)**

- HIV/AIDS age-standardized deaths per 100,000 (female, male) 0.1, 0.2
- Malaria age-standardized deaths per 100,000 (female, male) 0.0, 0.0
- Tuberculosis age-standardized deaths per 100,000 (female, male) 0.2, 0.0
- Malnutrition prev., weight for age (female, male) (% of children <5) —, —
- Maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live births)2 —, 4 [2–8]
- Total fertility rate (children per woman) —, 1.9
- Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 girls aged 15–19) —, 5.6
- Antenatal care coverage, at least one visit (%) —, —
- Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) —, —
- Contraceptive prevalence, any method (% of married or in-union women aged 15–49) —, 75
- Existence of legislation permitting abortion to preserve a woman’s physical health —, Yes

**FAMILY**

- Singulate mean age (years) at marriage (female, male) —, 31, 34
- Early marriage (% of women aged 15–19) —, 1
- Mean age of women at the birth of the first child —, 29
- Length of paid maternity leave (calendar days) —, 0
- Provider of maternity leave benefits —, —
- Percent of wages paid during maternity leave —, —
- Length of paid paternity leave (calendar days) —, 10
- Provider of paternity leave benefits —, —
- Government of paid wages paid during paternity leave —, 50

**RIGHTS AND NORMS**

- Parental authority in marriage3 —, 0.0
- Parental authority after divorce3 —, 0.0
- Female genital mutilation (% of women aged 15–49) —, 0.0
- Existence of legislation on domestic violence3 —, 0.0
- Existence of legislation on gender-based discrimination —, Yes
- Inheritance rights for daughters2 —, 0.0
- Women’s secure access to land use, control and ownership3 —, 0.0
- Women’s access to financial services3 —, 0.0
- Women’s secure access to non-land assets use, control and ownership3 —, 0.0
- Year women received right to vote —, 1919, 1921
- Quota type (single/lower house) —, —
- Voluntary political party quotas —, —

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1 Survey data, responses on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
2 Bracketed numbers show the range between the uncertainties, estimated to contain the true maternal mortality ratio with a 95% probability
3 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (1 = worst score, 0 = best score)